

Erasmus+ projects and copyrights



Projects implemented under the Erasmus+ program must be properly labeled in accordance with the guidelines of the European Commission and the National Agency.

Correct project identification includes:

1. European Union Logo (EU Flag) with the Required Statement

"Co-funded by the European Union"

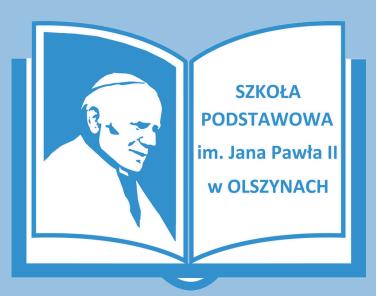


Co-funded by the European Union

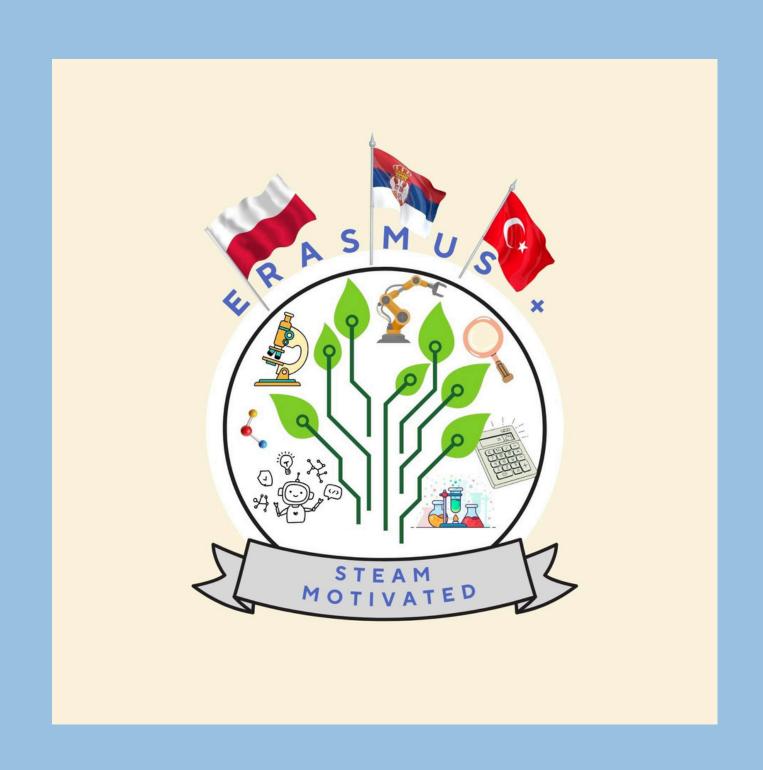
The Erasmus+ logo may be used in promotional materials, but it does not replace the EU flag with the required statement.



Institutions implementing Erasmus+ projects, such as schools, universities, NGOs, and other organizations, may include their own logos.



Together with the previously mentioned logos we may also use our project logo



Where to Place the Logos?

On websites and social media

On posters, brochures, leaflets, and publications

In presentations and project reports

On video and multimedia materials

On all documents related to the project

European Union also requires from us to put the following provision on all those products:

Funded by the European Union. Views and opinions expressed are however those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or the European Education and Culture Executive Agency (EACEA). Neither the European Union nor EACEA can be held responsible for them.

What are Creative Commons and Open Licences?

An important element of open educational resources, specifically open textbooks, educational videos and **all** other **products created within Erasmus+ projects is that they must be openly licensed**, but what does that mean?

Open licences enable collaboration, development, access, and inspiration from your creative works without requiring you to give up the rights (copyright) automatically granted to you for your creation. This is a basic requirement set by the European Commission for all products generated within their co-financing of educational projects. (Erasmus+)



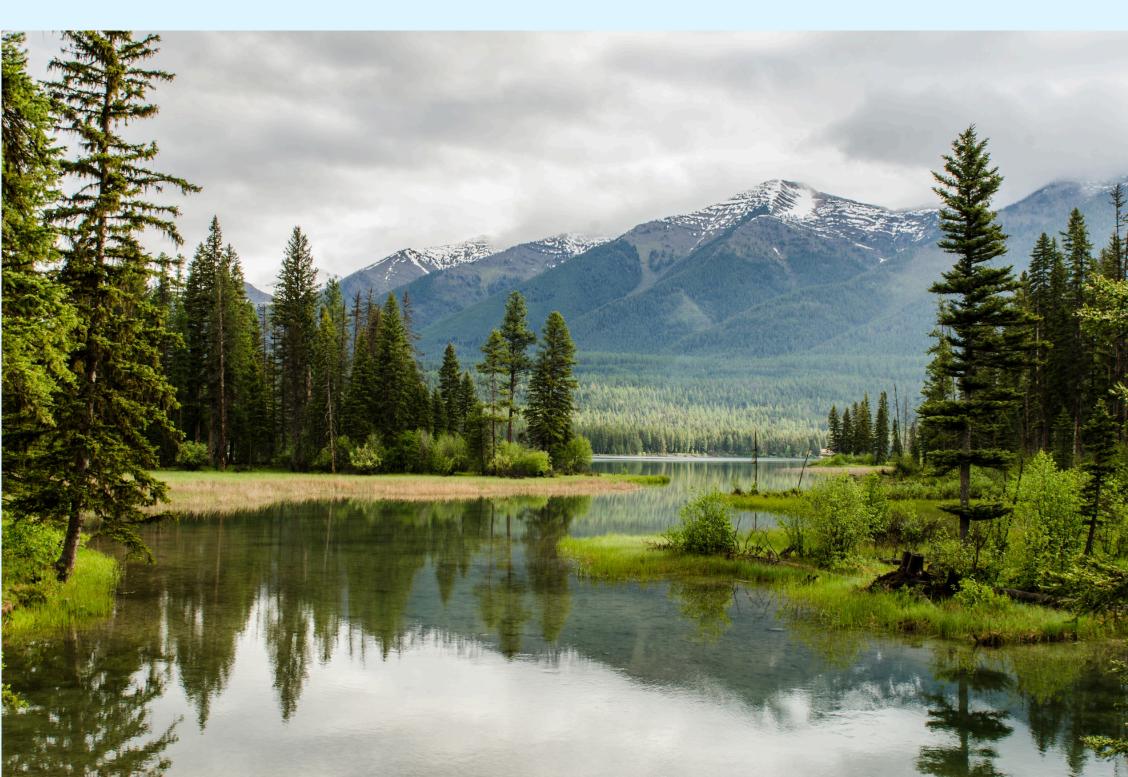
An open licence lets you retain ownership of your work, while allowing others to use, share, and remix it, without requesting your permission. For most open licences, all that is required of the users is to attribute you for your work.

For example when you use somebody else's photo marked as an open licence you should mention its source and author.



Source; Canva open resources

Author: Unknown





What is a copyright?

- Whenever you produce a new creative work

 whether that's a new song or story, a
 picture or a painting, a slideshow or study
 guide you are automatically granted a
 copyright where all your rights are reserved.
 You don't need to do anything to be granted a copyright, and it's intended to protect
 your work from being used in ways you don't want, without your express permission.
- To freely share your creative work, including open textbooks, without requests for permission, you can dedicate your work to the public domain, or license it openly.

Public domain

Items in the public domain are not protected by intellectual property laws, including copyright, trademark, or patent laws. Public domain belongs to the public – no individual can claim any right to the material, and it can be used by anyone without obtaining permission.

Here are four of the typical ways that works end up in the public domain:

- The copyright has expired
- The existing copyright owner failed to renew the copyright
- The work was dedicated to the public domain
- Copyright law is not applicable to this type of work (example: short phrases, facts and theories)
- *Copyright law varies from country to country, and a work can be in the public domain in one country, but not necessarily in another.





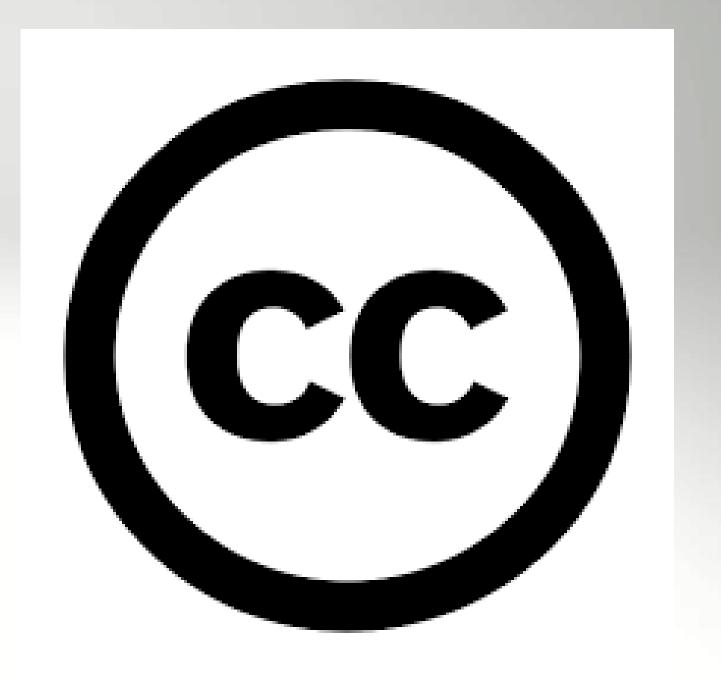
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When is the license free?

A license is called free when it does not limit in any way the 4 basic freedoms:

- Freedom to use and play the song
- Freedom to know the work and to use the information it contains
- Freedom of redistribution
- Freedom to distribute derivative works



The four basic conditions of the CC license are:

They can be combined together:

- Attribution (BY)
- Noncommercial use (NC)
- On the same terms (SA)
- No derivative works (ND)





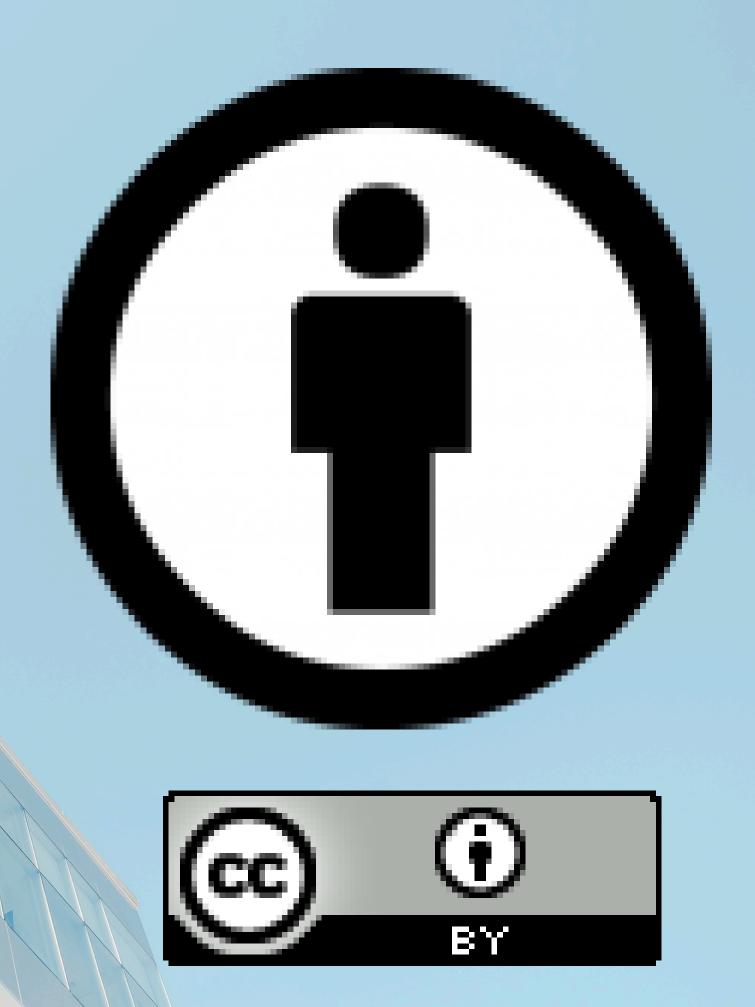




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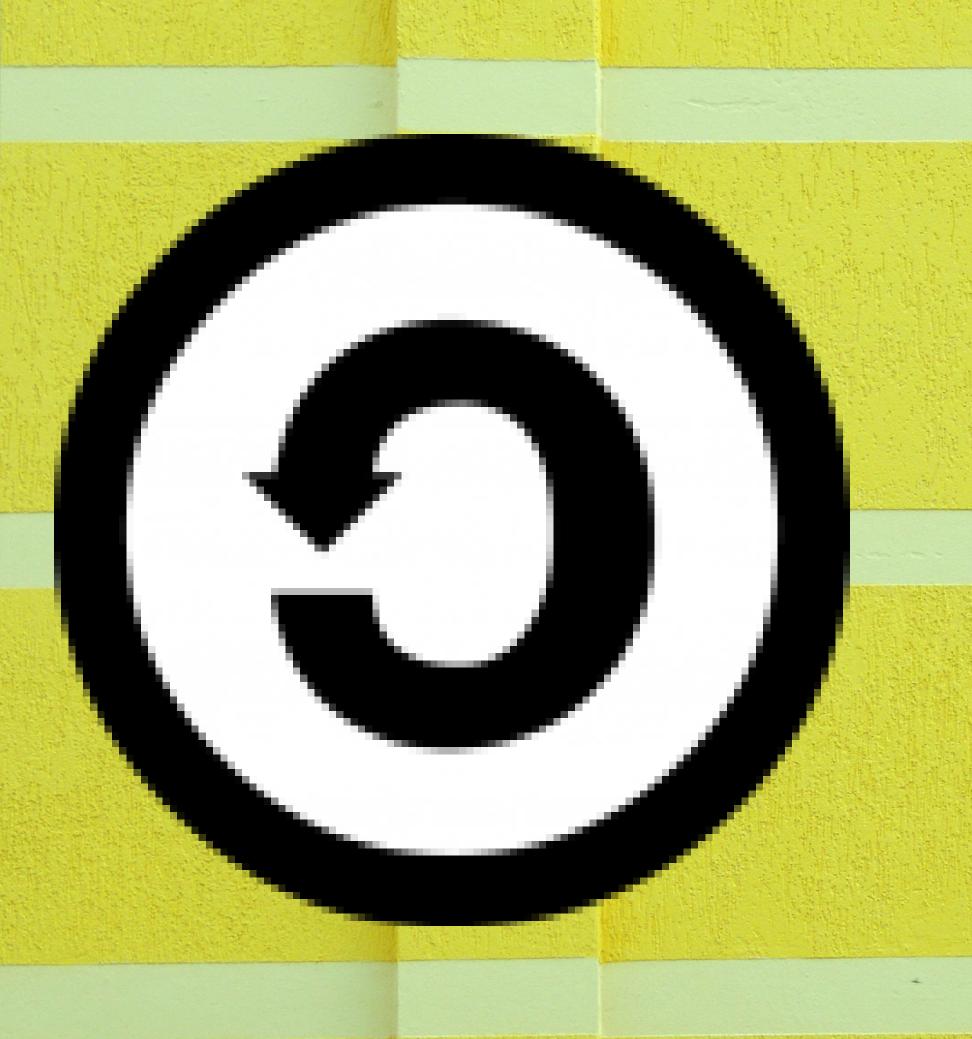
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On the same terms (SA)

ShareAlike

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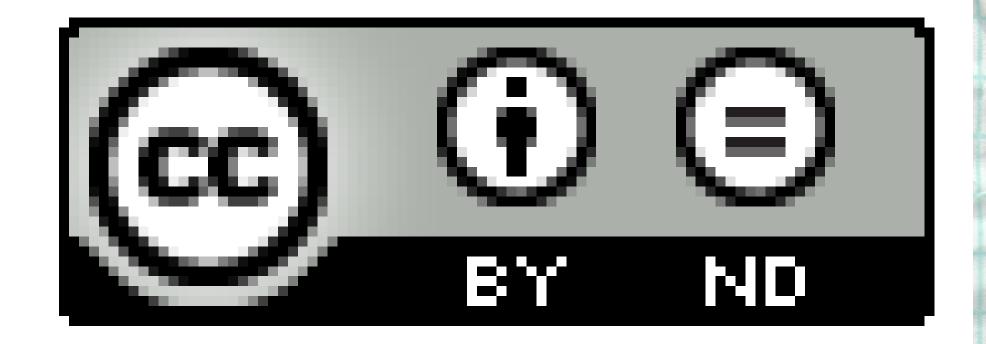




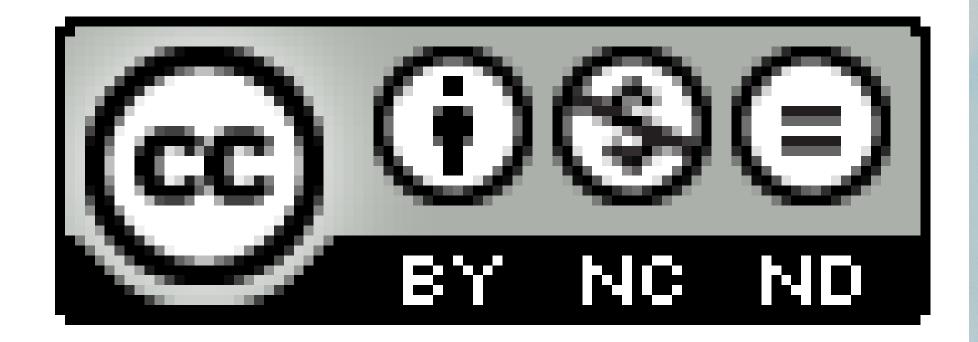
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Thank you for your attention

Provision

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